

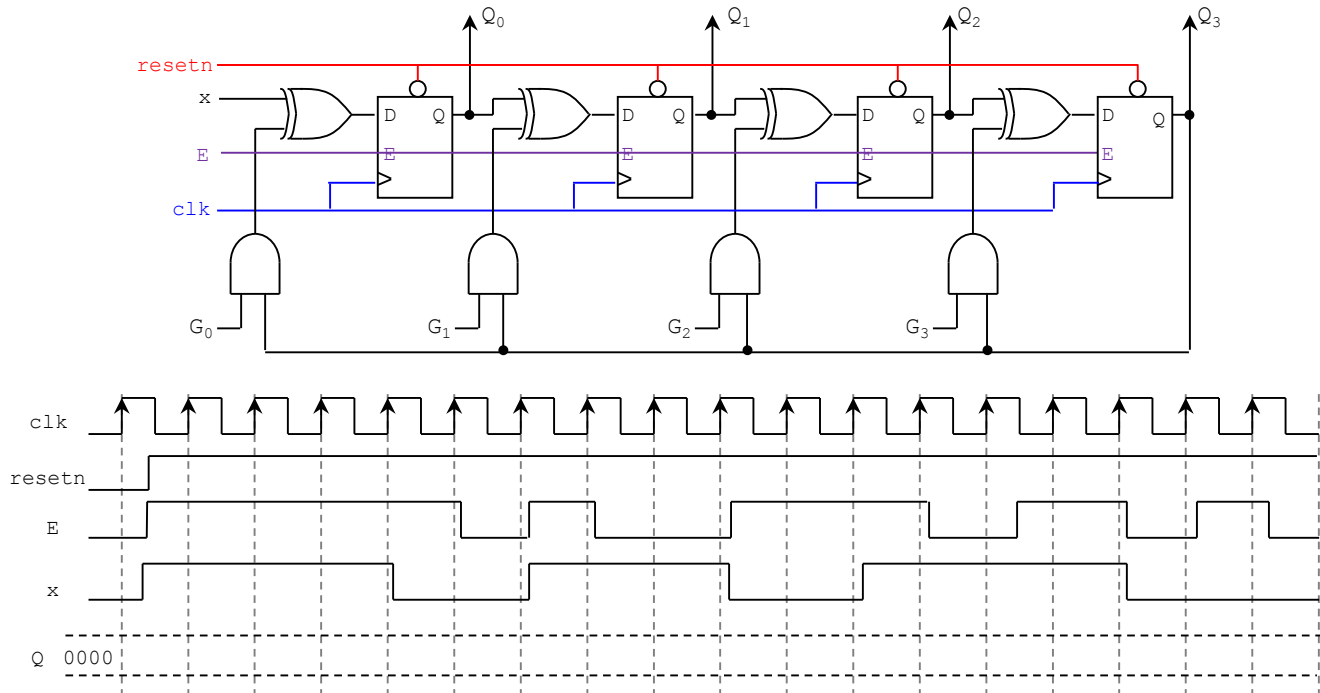
Final Exam

(December 14th @ 7:00 pm)

Presentation and clarity are very important! Show your procedure!

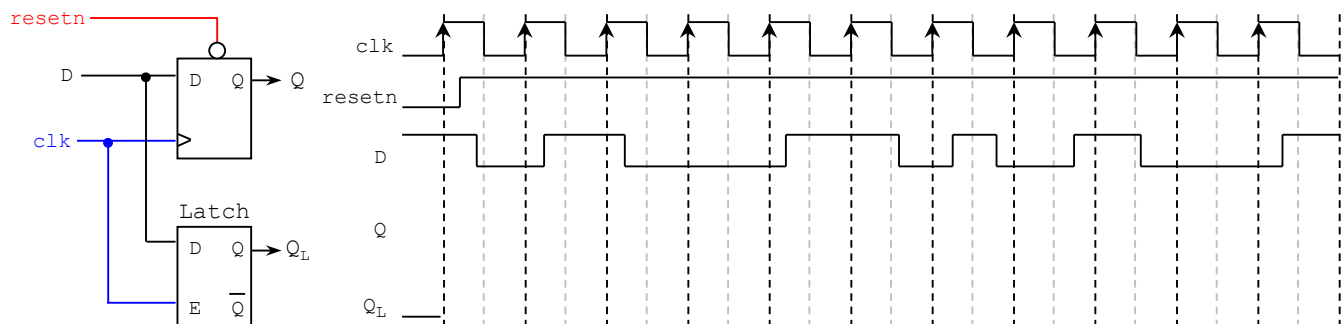
PROBLEM 1 (12 PTS)

- Complete the timing diagram of the following circuit. $G = G_3G_2G_1G_0 = 0110$, $Q = Q_3Q_2Q_1Q_0$

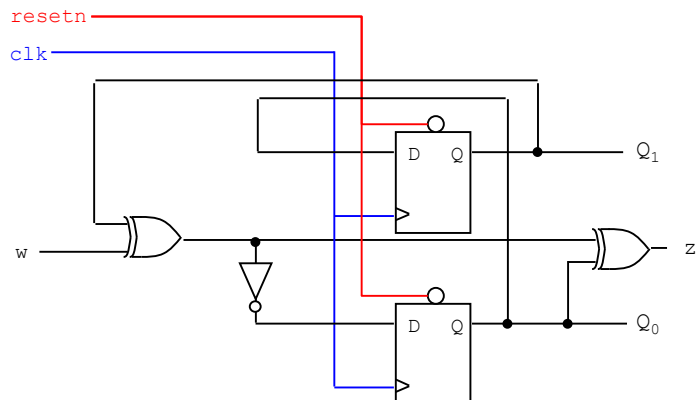


PROBLEM 2 (19 PTS)

- Complete the timing diagram of the circuit shown below: (8 pts)

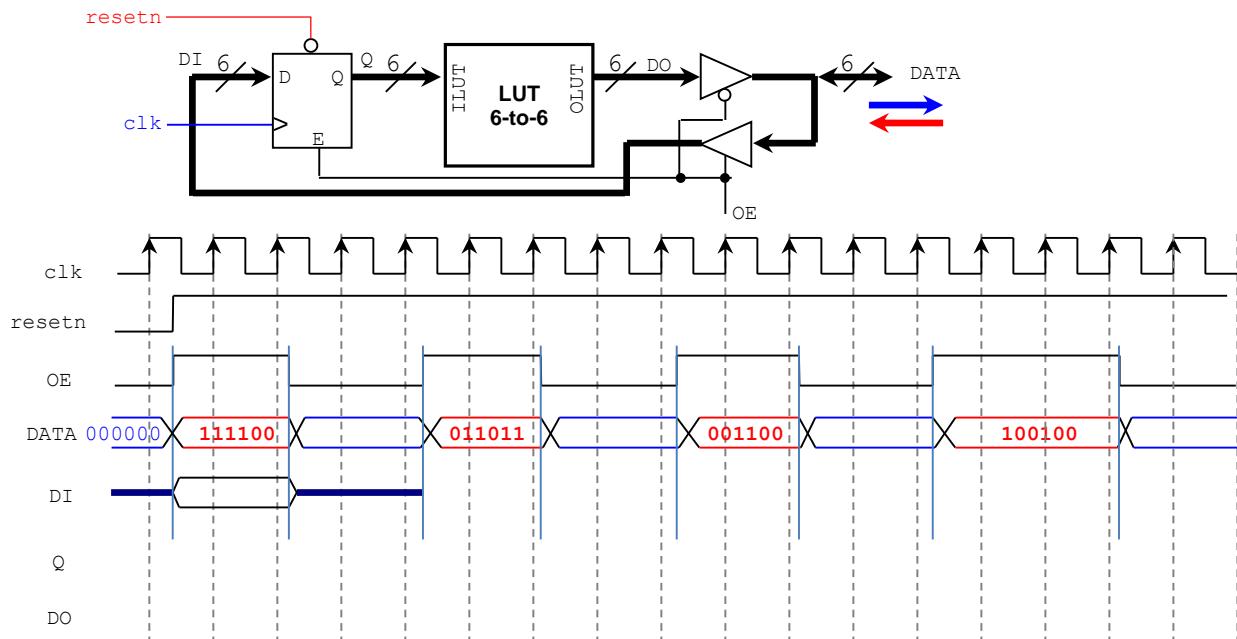


- Provide the State Diagram (any representation), the Excitation Table, and the Excitation equations of the following Finite State Machine: (11 pts)



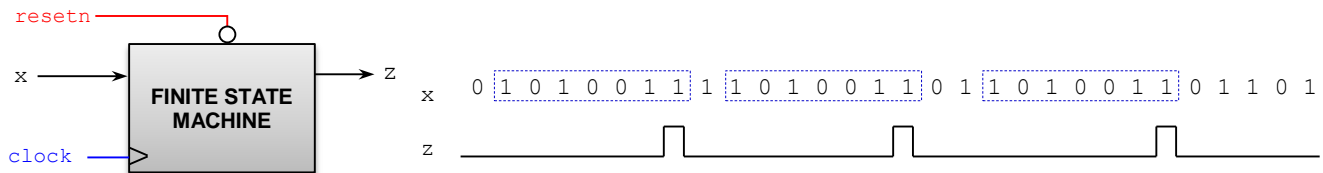
PROBLEM 3 (10 PTS)

- Given the following circuit, complete the timing diagram.
The LUT 6-to-6 implements the following function: $OLUT = \lceil \sqrt{ILUT} \rceil$, where $ILUT$ is a 6-bit unsigned number.
For example $ILUT = 35 (100011_2) \rightarrow OLUT = \lceil \sqrt{35} \rceil = 6 (000110_2)$



PROBLEM 4 (23 PTS)

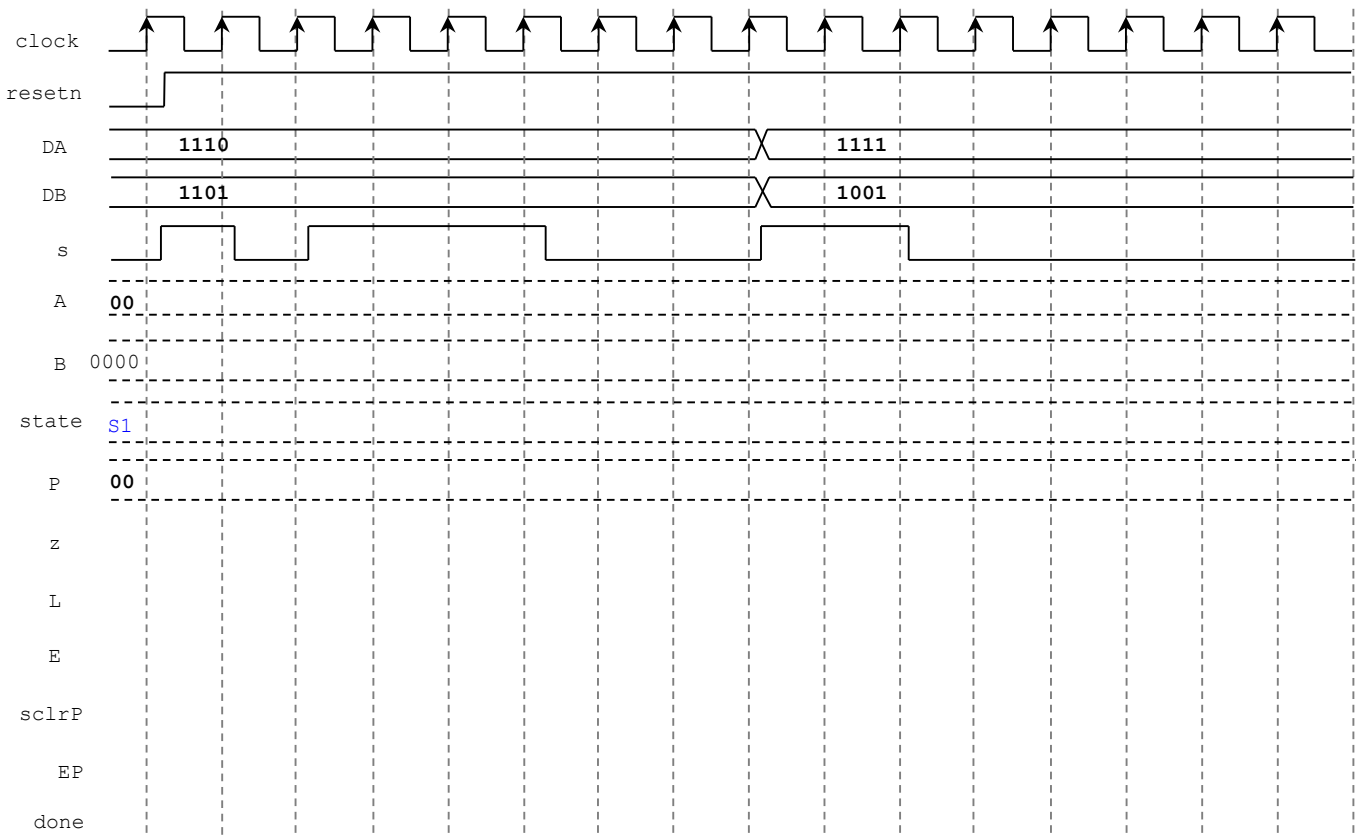
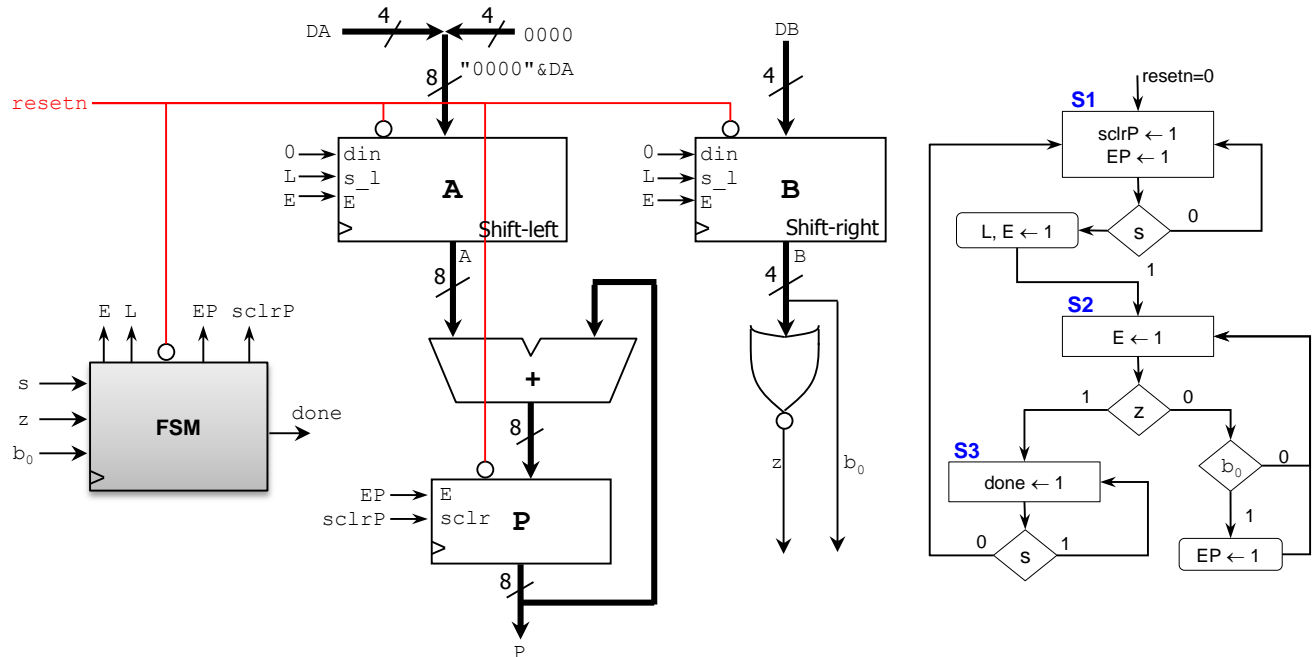
- Sequence detector: The machine has to generate $z = 1$ when it detects the sequence 1010011. Once the sequence is detected, the circuit looks for a new sequence.



- Draw the State Diagram (any representation), State Table, and the Excitation Table of this circuit with input x and output z . Is this a Mealy or a Moore machine? Why? (15 pts)
- Provide the excitation equations (simplify your circuit using K-maps or the Quine-McCluskey algorithm) (5 pts)
- Sketch the circuit. (3 pts)

PROBLEM 5 (20 PTS)

- Complete the following timing diagram (A and P are specified as hexadecimals) of the following Iterative unsigned multiplier. The circuit includes an FSM (in ASM form) and a datapath circuit. Register (for P): *sclr*: synchronous clear. Here, if *sclr* = *E* = 1, the register contents are initialized to 0. Parallel access shift registers (for A and B): If *E* = 1: *s_l* = 1 → Load, *s_l* = 0 → Shift



PROBLEM 6 (16 PTS)

- Draw the State Diagram (in ASM form) of the FSM whose VHDL description is shown below. Is it a Mealy or a Moore FSM?
- Complete the Timing Diagram.

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

entity circ is
    port ( clk, resetn: in std_logic;
          r, p, q: in std_logic;
          x, w, z: out std_logic);
end circ;
```

```
architecture behavioral of circ is
    type state is (S1, S2, S3);
    signal y: state;
begin
    Transitions: process (resetn, clk, r, p, q)
    begin
        if resetn = '0' then y <= S1;
        elsif (clk'event and clk = '1') then
            case y is
                when S1 =>
                    if r = '0' then
                        y <= S2;
                    else
                        if p = '1' then y <= S3; else y <= S1; end if;
                    end if;

                when S2 =>
                    if q = '1' then y <= S1; else y <= S3; end if;

                when S3 =>
                    if p = '1' then y <= S3; else y <= S2; end if;

            end case;
        end if;
    end process;

    Outputs: process (y, r, p, q)
    begin
        x <= '0'; w <= '0'; z <= '0';
        case y is
            when S1 => if r = '1' then
                            w <= '1';
                        if p = '0' then
                            x <= '1';
                        end if;
                    end if;

            when S2 => if p = '1' then x <= '1'; end if;
                       if q = '0' then z <= '1'; end if;

            when S3 => if p = '0' then x <= '1'; end if;
        end case;
    end process;
end behavioral;
```

